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The Revolutionary History of the Great Leader "Brief History of the Revolutionary Activities of Comrade KIM IL SUNG" Issued

Of late, the Foreign Languages Publishing House put out translations of "Brief History of the Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" compiled and edited by the Party History Institute of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, a shining revolutionary history of the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements.

"Brief History of the Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" comprises seven chapters on the 40-odd years of his revolutionary history, which describe his revolutionary family, his early revolutionary activities, the anti-Japanese armed struggle and his activities in the period from the country's liberation up to date.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, has devoted his all to the struggle for the freedom and happiness of the people, for the victory of the revolution ever since he set out on the path of revolutionary struggle, and scored great and brilliant achievements never known in any period of our country's history.

Comrade Kim Il Sung was born of a patriotic, revolutionary family that have fought with all devotion from generation to generation for the independence of the country and the freedom and liberation of the people. He has charted out the path of the Korean revolution by himself, bearing the destinies of the country and the nation on his shoulders since he took the road of revolution at the age of 15.

On the basis of a profound Marxist-Leninist analysis of the revolutionary situation between the late 1920's and the early 1930's and the prospect of the national-liberation movement, Comrade Kim Il Sung set forth the *Juche*-motivated Marxist-Leninist line on the Korean revolution, the line of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the line of the united front and the line of founding the Party, and opened up a new era for the anti-Japanese national-liberation movement and the communist movement in our country.

Putting forward the line of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, a *Juche*-motivated revolutionary line for the Korean revolution, which was the creative application and development of the Marxist-Leninist theory concerning the armed struggle, Comrade Kim Il Sung said to the following effect:

... Our immediate aim is to crush the Japanese imperialist aggressors and attain the liberation and independence of Korea. And Japanese imperialism, the target of our struggle, is a burglar armed to the teeth. ...Therefore, Japanese imperialism will not withdraw of its own accord. Who, then, should win the independence for Korea?! It is absolutely impossible to achieve independence with foreign aid...

The only way is for us Koreans to fight and defeat the Japanese imperialists by our own strength. To do so, an armed struggle must be waged....

Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced *Juche*-motivated revolutionary lines including the line of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and organized and led the anti-Japanese armed struggle for the freedom and liberation of the people to victory, personally covering a rugged, thorny path for 15 long years, thereby attaining the liberation of the country and the nation at last.

In the flames of the heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle, a protracted arduous revolutionary struggle, Comrade Kim Il Sung established the glorious revolutionary traditions our Party should uniquely inherit, the main contents of which are the ideological system and fighting spirit, method of work and style of work, revolutionary achievements and experiences of struggle.

This constitutes the most valuable revolutionary wherewithal and the solid assets and roots of the Korean revolution that should be carried forward by our Party and people in an all-round way through successive generations.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, who returned home in triumph after the liberation, made a scientific analysis of the revolutionary situation in our country, especially the complex situation created by the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea, and, on this basis, brightly illumined the path to be followed by the Korean revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"Right after the liberation our Party prescribed it to be the fundamental political line to create a firm democratic base in North Korea with a view to fully liberating the Korean nation and making Korea a rich and powerful sovereign independent state in the future by thoroughly carrying out the democratic reforms and stepping up democratic construction in North Korea."

The line of establishing the revolutionary democratic base laid down by him was a steadfast revolutionary line of *Juche*, the line which he set forth with a keen insight into the aggressive nature of U.S. imperialism in order to build up the northern half of the country into a powerful revolutionary base and achieve the nation-wide victory of the revolution by the efforts of the Korean people themselves, relying on the revolutionary base.

For energetically driving forward the revolution, Comrade Kim Il Sung founded our Party, before anything else, on the basis of the revolutionary traditions formed and the organizational and ideological preparations made during the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and strengthened and developed it into an invincible Marxist-Leninist party, set up the people's government amidst a fierce struggle against the internal and external enemies and strengthened and developed it into a power of the dictatorship of the proletariat, and founded the People's Army, the reliable defender of the revolution, and strengthened and developed it into a match-for-a-hundred revolutionary armed force trained as a cadre army and modernized.

Having put forward the *Juche*-motivated revolutionary line, Comrade Kim Il Sung led the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution in the northern half to victory in only one or two years following the liberation and fortified the revolutionary base of the northern half politically, economically and militarily and thereby provided a firm guarantee for the achievement of the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius, roused our people and People's Army to a heroic war of resistance, personally shouldering all the heavy burdens on the front and in the rear, as Chairman of the Military Commission and Supreme Commander of the Korean People's Army during the great Fatherland Liberation War against the armed invaders of 16 countries headed by U.S. imperialism as well as the South Korean puppet army.

He set forth a revolutionary military line, an embodiment of the great idea of *Juche*, applied the original strategy and tactics and plans of campaign at each stage of the war and led the Fatherland Liberation War to victory, thereby performing immortal exploits in the development of the Korean revolution, bringing about the beginning of decline for the U.S. imperialists and opening up a new phase in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle.

Comrade Kim Il Sung mapped out the original line of the post-war economic construction, a great line on giving priority to the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture, and rendered it possible to rehabilitate and construct the ravaged economy in a short period of no more than 3-4 years with strict adherence to the Marxist-Leninist principles and extraordinary revolutionary sweep, breaking through all difficulties and hardships that cropped up one after another.

Comrade Kim Il Sung energetically promoted the work of transforming the relations of production on socialist lines in towns and the countryside along with the post-war economic construction and brought to a victorious conclusion in a brief span of time the socialist transformation of the production relations, which was the most complex and difficult revolutionary work of changing the society, and aroused the masses vigorously to a great Chollima upsurge to score great victories in socialist construction.

In this way he built up in this land an independent, strong socialist state with an advanced socialist system and the firm basis of an independent national economy, a powerful all-people defence system and a resplendent national culture.

While actively expediting the revolution and construction in the northern half, Comrade Kim Il Sung put forward the most correct lines and strategic and tactical policies at each period and stage of revolutionary development for accomplishing the South Korean revolution, an important component part of the Korean revolution, and the independent unification of the fatherland and confidently led the North and South Korean people to their implementation so as to hasten the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, who has actively steered the course of our revolution at all times throughout the whole period of his revolutionary activities, has energetically striven with all consistency for the advancement of the international communist movement and the world revolution.

He set forth the most correct policy for the solidarity of the socialist countries and the unity of the international communist movement and fought determinedly for its implementation, raising high the revolutionary banner of Marxism-Leninism.

Further, he has waged and is waging a devoted struggle to frustrate the policies of aggression and war of the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists and develop the revolutionary struggle of the Asian, African and

(Continued on Page 2)

(Continued from Page 1)

Latin American peoples, holding aloft the banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle.

Over the past 40-odd years Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution and a brilliant Marxist-Leninist, has created excellent revolutionary theories and strategy and tactics which acquire a principled significance both in the Korean revolution and the world revolution.

He added a brilliant page to the treasure-house of Marxism-Leninism by giving a new exposition of a series of problems of principle arising in the development of the Korean revolution and the world revolution such as the theory and tactics of the anti-imperialist national-liberation democratic revolution and socialist revolution, the transition period and the dictatorship of the proletariat, proper combination of the unity and cohesion of the entire people based on the unitary ideology with the class struggle against the intrigues and manoeuvres of hostile elements under socialism, the ways of the final solution of the rural question, the laying of the material and technical foundations of socialism and the building of an independent national economy, the international communist movement and the unity and cohesion of the socialist countries, and the strategy of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle.

For these immortal achievements and contributions, Comrade Kim Il Sung is enjoying the unanimous respect and confidence of the entire Korean people and the revolutionary peoples of the whole world, not only as the Leader of our Party and people but also as one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and the world revolutionary movement.

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The more than 40 years of revolutionary history of Comrade Kim Il Sung inscribed with immortal exploits is a history of bloody struggle for the independence of the country and the liberation of the working class and other sections of the people, a glorious history permeated throughout with his fervent love for the fatherland and the people and with his boundless fidelity to the revolution.

It is also a history of victories of the Korean people's national-liberation struggle and the communist movement of Korea won through all difficulties and trials, a great and glorious history of struggle which brought about creative development of Marxism-Leninism in Korea and ushered in an era of such great national prosperity as we see today in this land.

The path of the Korean revolution attended with victory after victory in its development despite all difficulties is a glorious path of brilliant embodiment and triumph of Comrade Kim Il Sung's great revolutionary idea, the idea of *Juche*.

In leading revolution and construction, Comrade Kim Il Sung has always firmly adhered to the original line which embodied the idea of *Juche*, the principles of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"Our Party's idea of *Juche* is the most correct Marxist-Leninist idea of leadership for the successful carrying out of our revolution and construction and is the invariable guiding principle of the Government of the Republic in all its policies and activities."

Comrade Kim Il Sung has solved with success all the theoretical and practical problems arising in the revolution of our country by setting forth original lines and policies at each stage of revolution, that is, in the days of the fatherland liberation struggle for the restoration of the fatherland, at the stage of democratic revolution or at the stage of socialist revolution and socialist construction, and in all fields of revolution and construction such as politics, economy, culture, military and foreign affairs.

The great victories and successes our people have registered in revolution and construction in the past years are, indeed, a brilliant fruition of the idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the great vitality of the line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence — the embodiment of the idea in all fields.

All of the great revolutionary events that have taken place in our country and the shining victories and successes our Party and people have gained in the past period are inseparable from his excellent and sagacious leadership.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader, has led our people along the straight road of victory, possessed of an unwavering fidelity to the revolutionary principle and an indomitable, strong will, an extraordinary revolutionary sweep to constantly advance the revolution by resolutely surmounting whatever difficulties and trials, keen perspicacity to penetrate below the surface of any complex circumstances and situation to steer the right course through them without a hitch, and of an unusual ability of leadership.

The revolutionary history of Comrade Kim Il Sung is replete with shining examples of boundless love for the people and the revolutionary method of work and popular style of work.

Comrade Kim Il Sung is not only the great Leader of revolution but also a teacher and benevolent father who shows the people the road of revolution and construction and brings them up in his bosom and a close comrade who shares sweets and bitters with us people.

He is always among the people and looks after them with a warm parental affection. And he always consults personally with them on the state affairs and leads the revolution and construction to victory, relying on their strength and wisdom.

It is a boundless honour and bliss for the Korean Communists and people that they learn from the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who is possessed of scientific revolutionary theory, a wealth of experiences, distinguished ability of leadership and high virtues and has led our people along the path of glorious victory through the long drawn-out tempest of revolution and that they live and fight as his faithful soldiers, upholding his leadership.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Sends Congratulatory Telegram to Members of Volunteer Group of Chollima Riders of Our Country for Helping Cuban People in Sugar Cane Harvesting

Comrade Kim Il Sung sent on March 10 a telegram to the volunteer group of Chollima riders of our country for helping the heroic Cuban people in their struggle for producing 10 million tons of sugar, congratulating them on their success in harvesting one million *arroba* of sugar cane as of March 5.

The congratulatory telegram reads:

To Members of Volunteer Group of Chollima Riders of Our Country for Helping Cuban People in Sugar Cane Harvesting

You comrades members of the volunteer group of Chollima riders for helping the heroic Cuban people in their struggle for producing 10 million tons of sugar won the title "one million *arroba* brigade" by harvesting one million *arroba* of sugar cane as of March 5 by waging a devoted struggle in work and displaying the spirit of proletarian internationalism.

This shows that you comrades carried out with credit the honorable tasks assigned you by our Party for actively helping the Cuban people in their struggle, regarding it as your own.

I am satisfied with this and highly praise the labour successes of you comrades.

The struggle the Cuban people are waging today to produce 10 million tons of sugar is a struggle for firmly solidifying the material and technical foundations of socialism in Cuba and consolidating the victory of the Cuban Revolution and a great struggle for dealing a heavy blow at the U.S. imperialists who are engaged in incessant manoeuvres to stifle revolutionary Cuba and for powerfully encouraging the Latin American people in their revolutionary struggle.

You comrades are revolutionary soldiers of our Party actively assisting the Cuban people in socialist construction after being dispatched to the front of this struggle.

I firmly believe that you comrades will further strengthen the militant friendship and solidarity with the Cuban people and bring about uninterrupted innovations in labour, helping each other and pulling each other along by giving full play to the communist spirit of collectivism and thereby contribute to the struggle of the Cuban people for capturing the height of 10 million tons of sugar.

I hope you comrades, as internationalist soldiers, will return to the fatherland after faithfully fulfilling the revolutionary tasks assigned you to the last.

KIM IL SUNG

March 10, 1970

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader,

Sees National Combined Performance of Women's Art Circles Celebrating the 60th Anniv. of March 8 Int'l Women's Day

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, saw a national combined performance of women's art circles celebrating the 60th anniversary of the March 8 International Women's Day at the Moranbong Theatre on the evening of March 12.

Also seeing the performance were Comrades Choi Yong Kun, Kim Il, Kim Gwang Hyop, Kim Dong Gyu, So Chol, Hyon Mu Gwang and other responsible functionaries of the Party and government organs and mass organizations and working people in the city.

When Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, appeared in the box, the entire audience rose as one to their feet and warmly welcomed him with a thunderous applause that shook the hall.

The members of women's art circles who had the great honour of giving their performance before Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved fatherly Leader, whom they always revere deep in mind, and all the audience were overwhelmed with unbounded emotion and great happiness.

The curtain went up with the chorus "Song of Women's Emancipation" and the "Song of Women of Chollima Korea." Put on the stage in the performance were works on the themes of the glorious revolutionary traditions of our Party established by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of revolution, and the struggle of our women who are brilliantly carrying forward them, and works depicting the happy life of the women of our country who are studying and working to their hearts' content participating, freely in socio-political activities with the equal rights with men under the most superior socialist system provided by the Leader. Also put on the stage were works reflecting the proud struggle of our women who, rallied close around the Leader with one ideology and one will, are making all efforts in all fields of socialist construction for the Party and the Leader and the happiness of the posterity, constantly revolutionizing themselves and their families and villages with the sole desire to remain loyal only to the Leader, and are vigorously advancing at the "Kangson speed," the new Chollima speed, to scale all the heights of the Seven-Year Plan before the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, and works portraying the life of families of patriotic martyrs who are keeping the flowers of revolution in bloom generation after generation.

All the numbers including the song and story "Warm Love of the Premier for a Patriotic Martyr's Family" and the song and dance "A Well at the Foot of Mt. Ponghwa-san" are permeated with infinite adoration for, deep trust in and ardent loyalty to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, who led our women, who had been subjected to double and treble maltreatment and humiliation and forced to live a sub-human life for a long time under the fetters of feudalism and the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism, along the road of the struggle for the restoration of the fatherland and the emancipation of women and brought freedom and happiness to them and has reared them into full-fledged masters of the country and reliable pillars of socialist construction and is leading our people unswervingly along the one road of victory and glory, happiness and prosperity.

All the numbers of the program are also overflowing with the burning revolutionary spirit of our women to expedite the socialist construction at the maximum while thoroughly establishing the unitary ideological system of the Party and constantly revolutionizing themselves, families and villages by firmly arming themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and hasten the complete victory of socialism and the revolutionary cause of national unification by actively supporting and encouraging the heroic anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle of the South Korean people and women who are fighting unyieldingly against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The performance deeply impressed the audience with its rich ideological content and high artistic level.

When the performance was over, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, conveyed a basket of flowers to women's art circle members, congratulating them on their successful performance.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives

Messages from Many Countries

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, received messages from many countries on the occasion of the "week of international solidarity for supporting the national-liberation struggle of the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples."

The message addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung from the Executive Committee of the Federation of the African Students Studying in Rumania, wrote:

The great revolutionary ideas and strategy of struggle expounded in your immortal brilliant works, constitute a programme of struggle for the revolutionaries and peoples of all countries the world over who have come out in the revolutionary struggle; they also serve as a beacon brightly illumining the road ahead of them and a source of strength as well as the textbook and weapon of struggle.

Indeed, you have made a great contribution to the development of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle and the world revolutionary movement by giving the world revolutionary people an all-round answer to the theoretical and practical problems whose solution is urgently required at the present times, such as the problem of seizing power by defeating the counter-revolutionary forces with revolutionary forces, the nature of imperialism and the strategy of the U.S. imperialists for world aggression, the line of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle and the strategy of struggle for tearing limbs off U.S. imperialism.

Under the great banner of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle you raised high, we African youths and students will make an active contribution to the cause of accelerating the final defeat of imperialism by strengthening the militant friendship and solidarity with the world revolutionary peoples and youths and students and waging a more dynamic revolutionary struggle against imperialism and colonialism headed by U.S. imperialism.

We scathingly condemn the U.S. imperialists and their running dogs the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for cruelly suppressing and murdering the South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic youths and students.

We extend full support to the just revolutionary struggle of the Korean people to drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors from South Korea and achieve an independent unification of the country.

The message sent to Comrade Kim Il Sung from the Latin-American students studying in Rumania, wrote:

The original strategy and tactics you put forward on the basis of the valuable experience gained in the course of the 40-odd-year protracted and sanguinary revolutionary struggle during which Japanese and U.S. imperialism were defeated, are a perfection of the Marxist-Leninist theory on the inevitability of the ruin of imperialism in the last stage of moribund capitalism and the complete and final victory of socialist revolution. They are also the steadfast guideline which should be unfailingly adhered to by the peoples of all countries making revolution.

Besides, you, military strategist-genius and great and brilliant commander, have set a practical example in the anti-U.S. imperialist struggle by correctly leading the heroic Korean people to defeat the U.S. imperialists, the No. 1 target in the struggle of the world people, under the revolutionary slogan of retaliation for "retaliation", all-out war for all-out war, and thus inspire the world revolutionary people to victory.

Marking the "week of international solidarity for supporting the national-liberation struggle of the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples," we Latin-American students studying in Rumania extend the highest honour and heartfelt gratitude to you, the great Leader of revolution, who have put forward the strategy and tactics of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle, the embodiment of your great revolutionary ideas, to be adopted by all the revolutionaries and peoples of the world including our continent and Asia and Africa, taught them various methods of struggle conforming to the subjective and objective revolutionary situation and inspire and actively support and encourage the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist revolutionary struggle of the peoples of all continents by practical example, holding aloft the revolutionary banner of proletarian internationalism, and lead them along the one road of victory.

The message addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung from the Mauritanian students studying in Mali, wrote:

The history of the revolutionary struggle of Comrade Kim Il Sung is a brilliant history of the struggle replete with victory and glory and it will be cherished for ever in the hearts of the tri-continental peoples.

The line of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung is a precious guide to action for the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples fighting against imperialism and colonialism and for freedom and happiness and the most brilliant strategy of our times instilling in them the firm confidence of victory.

The tri-continental peoples who are fighting on the common anti-imperialist front in accordance with your great strategy, will join efforts to defeat imperialism and colonialism headed by U.S. imperialism and win genuine independence, freedom and liberation.

The message from the representatives of the Eritrean Liberation Front, the Palestinian Liberation Movement "Al Fatah," the Palestinian People's Front for Liberation, the National Liberation Front of Bahrein, the Omani National Liberation Movement in Damascus and the tri-continental students studying at the Damascus University, who participated at the meeting held in Damascus, Syria, on the occasion of the week of international solidarity with the tri-continental peoples, wrote:

We, observing this solidarity week together with the heroic and friendly Korean people upholding the anti-imperialist ideas of you, the respected and beloved Leader, give our firm pledge to you to win a brilliant victory in the struggle against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges by strengthening the solidarity with all the revolutionary peoples and waging an uninterrupted struggle by mobilizing the anti-imperialist forces on all fronts of the world.

We wish Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the world revolution, good health and a long life for driving the U.S. imperialists from South Korea and unifying Korea in an independent way and for the victory of the world revolution and the national-liberation movement.

Premier KIM IL SUNG

Receives New Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of United Republic of Tanzania to Our Country

Premier Kim Il Sung received on March 11 Richard Saimura Wambura, new Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United Republic of Tanzania to our country.

Also on hand was Ho Dam, First Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Premier Kim Il Sung had a friendly conversation with the ambassador.

Premier KIM IL SUNG

Receives Personal Letter from Prime Minister of Yemen Arab Republic

Premier Kim Il Sung received a personal letter from Mohsen Al Ainy, Prime Minister of the Yemen Arab Republic, replying to his telegram of greetings sent upon the latter's appointment as Prime Minister of the Yemen Arab Republic.

The personal letter reads:

I reciprocate the kind felicitations extended by Your Excellency Premier to me upon my appointment concurrently as Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Yemen Arab Republic.

I take this opportunity to express my great hope to Your Excellency that the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples and governments of our two countries would further strengthen and develop in future.

I wish Your Excellency and the members of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea good health and happiness as well as your friendly country progress and success.

I assure you that your fraternal assistance to us struggling against imperialism and reactionaries and for progress and peace constitutes a powerful encouragement to us in winning a sure victory.

TELEGRAMS

✦ **Premier Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram of greetings from **Ahmed Sekou Toure,** President of the Republic of Guinea, on the occasion of the 22nd anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram to **Ahmed Sekou Toure,** President of the Republic of Guinea, replying to his telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 22nd anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram of greetings from **Jean Bedel Bokassa,** President of the Republic of Central Africa, on the occasion of the 22nd anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram to **Jean Bedel Bokassa,** President of the Republic of Central Africa, replying to his telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 22nd anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram from **Indira Gandhi,** Prime Minister of the Republic of India, replying to his telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Republic of India.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to **Seewoosagur Ramgoolam,** Prime Minister of Mauritius, on the occasion of the second anniversary of the independence of Mauritius.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG,

the Respected and Beloved Leader,

Cites Workers of the Mine Where Comrade Yu Jae Hwa Works and Workers of Honoured Disabled Soldiers' School Things Factory Where Comrade Kim Chan Yong Works

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, cited workers of the mine where Comrade Yu Jae Hwa works, who brilliantly carried out the 1969 national economy plan by displaying all their patriotic devotion and initiative in carrying through the economic policy of the Party.

A meeting for conveying citations and gifts from Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, was held on the spot on February 27.

Respectfully placed on the platform of the meeting hall was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who always leads our people to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity, and hanging on its either side were the slogans: "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!"

The meeting was attended by tunnelling workers, hewers of the mine and Chollima riders and their families.

Also present there were Comrade Chong Jun Taek, and Hong Si Hak, Minister of Mining Industry, and functionaries of the local Party and government organs and mass organizations and managerial workers of factories, enterprises and co-operative farms from different parts.

The meeting opened with the playing of the "Patriotic Song."

At the meeting Comrade Chong Jun Taek conveyed citations and gifts from Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, to company commander Han Sang Man and two others amid the thunderous applause of the attendants.

The workers who received citations and gifts of the Leader and the entire attendants of the meeting shouted at the top of their voices "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" expressing their singlehearted resolve to remain faithful to the respected and beloved Leader and to live up to his deep trust and high expectation.

Then orders and medals of the D.P.R.K. were awarded to workers of the mine.

After decrees of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly were read out, Comrade Chong Jun Taek awarded orders and medals of the D.P.R.K. to Chang Jong Ju, head of the platoon of the Chollima April 5 Pit, and 544 others.

Two workers made speeches on the occasion on behalf of the recipients of citations of Comrade Kim Il Sung and orders and medals.

The recipients and the attendants of the meeting renewed their determination to overfulfil the huge plan for this year before the Fifth Congress of our glorious Party by dashing forward at the "Kangson speed," the new Chollima speed.

(Continued on Page 4)

(Continued from Page 3)

A letter of pledge addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, was adopted at the meeting amid the thunderous applause and cheers of the attendants.

The meeting closed with the playing of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung."

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Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, cited workers of the honoured disabled soldiers' school things factory where Comrade Kim Chan Yong works who, firmly arming themselves with the unitary ideology of our Party, had set an example in producing goods for cultural use by displaying all their wisdom and creative energy for thoroughly implementing the economic policy of the Party.

A meeting for conveying citations and gifts from Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, was held at the factory on March 9.

A portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who always shows great solicitude for the happy life of our people and the promotion of their well-being was respectfully placed on the platform. Hanging on its either side were the slogans "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!"

Present at the meeting were employees of the factory and their wives.

Comrade Pak Jong Ae and Li Ho Hyok, Minister of Foodstuff and Daily Necessaries Industries, and responsible functionaries of Party and government organs were present on the occasion.

The meeting opened with the playing of the "Patriotic Song." Comrade Pak Jong Ae conveyed citations and gifts from Comrade Kim Il Sung, the fatherly Leader, to chief engineer O Bong Sun and instructor Kim Jong Su amid the warm applause of the attendants.

At the meeting, orders and medals of the Republic were awarded to workers, technicians and office workers of this factory who, firmly arming themselves with the unitary ideology of our Party, had overfulfilled last year's national economic plan of the factory by displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and distinguished themselves in the struggle for laying a new production base of goods for cultural use and increasing their output and enhancing their quality, upholding the teaching of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, that the honoured disabled soldiers should not make vain their feats and exploits in the Fatherland Liberation War and keep the flower of revolution in bloom, and the policies of the Workers' Party of Korea.

After decrees were read out Comrade Pak Jong Ae, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly, conferred orders and medals of the Republic upon 74 workers.

The attendants of the meeting renewed their firm determination to meet the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea as a congress of victors by firmly arming themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of the respected and beloved Leader, constantly revolutionizing and working-classizing themselves and thus thoroughly implementing the programmatic instructions of the Leader given at the national meeting of local industrial workers, cherishing today's honour deep in their hearts.

The meeting closed with the chorus of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung."

Ponghwa-ri, a Historic Place Associated Closely with the Revolution

Working people from various parts visit Ponghwa-ri, a historic place associated closely with the revolution, to learn from the lofty revolutionary spirit of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik before his statue

Ponghwa-ri, the historic place associated closely with the revolution, is where Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, a pioneer and outstanding leader of the national-liberation movement in our country, left to posterity his immortal exploits and revolutionary spirit on the thorny path of his revolutionary struggle for the restoration of the fatherland.

The place of glory is visited every day by many people who are eager to learn from Mr. Kim Hyong Jik.

I had an opportunity to visit there on the eve of the anniversary of the founding of the Korean National Association organized and led by Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, the indomitable anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter.

I found myself among a large number of visitors when I reached the Ponghwa village and came to a halt in front of the bronze statue portraying Mr. Kim Hyong Jik in the plain Korean national costume who gazes far ahead, one hand resting on a teaching desk and a book in the other.

With a feeling of reverence, I looked back on the revolutionary history of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik who had singleheartedly dedicated his life to the struggle for the country.

He set out in the revolutionary activity far back in his student days. While at the Sungsil Middle School he educated the youth and students in the anti-Japanese patriotic ideas, organizing and mobilizing them to the anti-Japanese, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle. Later on, he taught at the Sunhwa School, educating and training the younger generation in the anti-Japanese patriotic ideas. In the meantime, he continued his anti-Japanese independence movement.

In the spring of 1916, at the age of 23, Mr. Kim Hyong Jik moved from Mangyongdae to Ponghwa-ri with a view to expanding the independence movement for the restoration of the country more positively.

Because Ponghwa-ri was a spot convenient for maintaining contact with Kangdong, Songchon, Sunchon, Taedong counties where in those days the vigorous anti-Japanese independence movement was in progress and because it was quite favourable for carrying on his activities evading the eyes of the Japanese imperialists, for it was a mountain village by the riverside, near to Pyongyang.

Already at that time Mr. Kim Hyong Jik carried on activities as an organizer and leader of Korea's independence movement in broad areas.

I walked into the Myongsin School where Mr. Kim Hyong Jik had educated the youth and children in the anti-Japanese patriotic ideas while keeping up his revolutionary activities.

Put on display in the room were a number of photos which show us impressively his revolutionary activities. What attracted my attention in particular among them was *chiwon* (Lofty Aims) written in big characters.

Underlying the lofty aims of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, his ideas of *chiwon*, was the idea of continued revolution that one should foster patriotism to love the future and fight for a future happiness. And they were permeated with the indomitable fighting spirit in which one should advance toward a future victory with lofty aims, pulling through difficulties and trials cropping up on one's way ahead.

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, regarding the educational work as part and parcel of the revolutionary work, devoted much energy to training the rising generation into patriots possessed of the "lofty aims" for freedom and independence of the country in the whole course of his revolutionary activities. He not only fought for the immediate tasks but also educated the youth in that idea wherever he went, looking far ahead into the future.

While teaching here at Myongsin School Mr. Kim Hyong Jik instilled in the youth and children the ardent patriotism and national identity against the colonial enslavement education conducted by the Japanese imperialists and their "obscurantist, Japanization policy" and educated them in patriotism coupled with *chiwon* for the realization of the burning desire for the restoration of the country.

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik systematically taught the students our mother tongue and Korean history and geography, striving in every way to instil patriotism, national pride and the anti-Japanese ideas into their minds.

I listened to the explanation of the guide before a picture which depicts Mr. Kim Hyong Jik who teaches the students, facing them while pointing to the blackboard with his hand.

Gazing at it, I felt as if I had become one of his students, his words still ringing in my ears—to restore the country one must learn.

"What are you studying for? It is not for you to become a servant of the Japanese rascals or their running dog but only to restore the country.

"The devilish Japanese forced their way into our country and have been robbing us of all we have, such treasures as gold and silver, and rice.

"We cannot live in happiness without chasing them out.

"We must drive out the Japanese rascals and restore our country.

"It is right for this purpose that we are studying now."

According to the guide, Mr. Kim Hyong Jik not only fostered the wisdom of the rising generation and imbued them with patriotism but also made efforts to bring them up into excellent patriots equipped with intelligence, high virtues and sound body by organizing colourful extra-curricular activities.

In this way Mr. Kim Hyong Jik infused the students, youth and the middle-aged in the rural area with the anti-Japanese patriotic ideas and national pride. On the other hand he bent every energy to the formation of a revolutionary anti-Japanese underground organization, the preparations for which had been afoot already.

The guide explained to us the Korean National Association personally organized and led by Mr. Kim Hyong Jik.

On March 23, 1917, in the spring of the year after his moving to Ponghwa-ri, Mr. Kim Hyong Jik organized the Korean National Association, an anti-Japanese underground organization, with those engaged in the independence movement at home and abroad as its centre.

Deprived of the country and all political rights and freedom, the Korean people were in a really gloomy situation in those days.

In such a grim period, for the Korean people there were two alternatives—to sit idle simply to become slaves of the Japanese imperialists for good and to die the death of a dog or wage a life-and-death struggle against them to restore the fatherland.

Making an analysis of the actual conditions prevailing in the anti-Japanese independence movement in that period, Mr. Kim Hyong Jik had formed a firm conviction that the independence of Korea should be won by the Korean people themselves, that the unity of Korea's independence movement be brought about first of all and that the masses be aroused to the anti-Japanese struggle, and unfolded an energetic struggle to rally the anti-Japanese forces, keeping in touch with those engaged in the independence movement at home and abroad.

On this basis, he organized the Korean National Association.

The Association organized and led by Mr. Kim Hyong Jik set it as the fighting task to firmly rally broad anti-Japanese patriotic forces and achieve Korea's independence through the efforts of the Koreans themselves whenever there would be created a favourable revolutionary situation.

Listening to the guide, I halted before the chart showing the activities and organizational network of the Association.

(Continued on Page 5)

"The Lofty Revolutionary Ideas and High Virtues of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik Stir the Hearts of Not Only the Korean People But Also All the Revolutionaries the World Over"

International Repercussions on the Brilliant Revolutionary Activities of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik was the outstanding leader of the anti-Japanese national-liberation movement in our country in the period preceding the anti-Japanese armed struggle, indomitable anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter, ardent patriotic revolutionary educationist and the father of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

His priceless revolutionary achievements and lofty patriotism are casting still today their bright radiance over the world.

Today, the revolutionary peoples and broad sections of world public figures highly praise Mr. Kim Hyong Jik for his great revolutionary activities and express their boundless respect and admiration for him.

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik Is an Indomitable Revolutionary Fighter and Ardent Patriot

Oumata Gall, Algerian public figure and educationist, said as follows:

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik who was born into a patriotic and revolutionary family set out on the road of the revolutionary struggle in his early age with a lofty patriotic aim and dedicated his whole precious life to revolution.

In the period when Korea was undergoing a great trial under the colonial yoke of Japanese imperialism, Mr. Kim Hyong Jik formed the "Korean National Association" under the banner of anti-imperialist national-salvation and energetically organized and led the Korean people to the struggle for the restoration of the fatherland.

The exploits of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik in his revolutionary struggle which adorn the modern history of the Korean people hold a brilliant place in the history of the struggle of the Korean people and the anti-imperialist patriotic fighters of the whole world as well.

His life was too short. But unbending, staunch revolutionary spirit, the lofty self-sacrificing spirit devoting everything to revolution, firm constancy and ardent patriotism Mr. Kim Hyong Jik displayed in his struggle for the restoration of the fatherland, have today become the immortal banner for the revolutionary peoples who have risen to fight against imperialism and colonialism.

South Yemeni paper **October 14** wrote:

Already in his middle school days, Mr. Kim Hyong Jik rallied anti-Japanese revolutionary comrades with the lofty aim to win the independence of Korea.

In March 1917, he organized the "Korean National Association," an anti-Japanese underground revolutionary organization, and waged the revolutionary struggle, expanding its organizational networks in all parts of the homeland and even abroad.

Even in prison, Mr. Kim Hyong Jik fought undauntedly against Japanese imperialism, not bending his revolutionary constancy.

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, while tirelessly waging the revolutionary struggle, set up schools in various areas, made every effort for educating the youths in patriotism and did his utmost to rear his sons into ardent patriots and fine revolutionaries.

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik was an indomitable anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter, a progressive educationist and a prominent activist who devoted his whole life to the struggle for freedom and independence of the fatherland and the liberation of the people.

Zaimi Amar, an Algerian trade unionist, said:

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, founder of the "Korean National Association," the biggest of anti-Japanese struggle organizations in the years before the dissemination of Marxism-Leninism in Korea, an indomitable revolutionary fighter and the father of Premier Kim Il Sung, was a great revolutionary who showed an example for the first time in the history of the Korean people's anti-imperialist struggle.

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik fought for the independence of Korea and the dignity of the Korean people devoting his whole life, and thus showed the rising generation how to live and fight for their people and fatherland through his practical examples.

It is of particular importance for the peoples of those countries advancing under the uplifted banner of anti-imperialist struggle to study the revolutionary activities of a great patriot like Mr. Kim Hyong Jik. In the course of study, the people, the younger generation in particular, come to learn who raised the first torch of struggle and devoted himself to the struggle for today, for the generation to come and for the sovereignty of the country and the freedom of the people and who dedicated his strength and life to the revolution, and thus, the younger generation become able to carry forward the struggle.

Revolutionary History of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik Is a Source of Encouragement to the Fighting Peoples

Molepi Mokoni, representative of the Pan-African Congress of South Africa, stressed:

There are numberless fathers in the world, but there is no father in the world who did so a great work like Mr. Kim Hyong Jik.

Because he brought up Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the Korean nation and one of the outstanding leaders of the world revolution.

He is the father of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the most prominent iron-willed brilliant commander in the world. He is the father of Korea, the country where the most advanced socialist system in the world has been established.

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik brought up the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who led and is leading the Korean people to victory hewing in person the road of most difficult and arduous revolution with the destiny of the Korean nation on his shoulders and thus created a soil for the shaping of the most glorious history of the Korean revolution of modern times guided by Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The lofty revolutionary ideas and high virtues of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik stir the hearts of not only the Korean people but also all the revolutionaries the world over.

We must learn from the revolutionary ideas and virtues of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik.

Francisco Marroquin, representative of the Rebellion Armed Forces of Guatemala in Havana, said:

The indefatigable revolutionary activities of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik who dedicated his whole life to the sacred struggle for the restoration and independence of the fatherland and the "Korean National Association" organized and guided by him left great exploits in the history of the modern revolutionary movement of Korea.

The Association also set forth the correct goal of the anti-imperialist national-liberation struggle in the darkest period of Japanese imperialist rule, thus clearly showing the road the Korean people should follow.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, brilliantly translated into reality the lofty will of his father for liberating Korea and bringing happiness to the people.

The great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, carrying forward the lofty will of his father, brilliantly realized the historic cause of the restoration of the fatherland to which Mr. Kim Hyong Jik had so ardently aspired and brought the Korean people a free and happy, new life, by organizing and waging the heroic armed struggle against Japanese imperialism for 15 years.

The struggle of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, an indomitable anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter who performed immortal feats, is a brilliant example not only for us Guatemalan revolutionaries who are gallantly fighting for the liberation of the country and the freedom of the people but also for all the revolutionary peoples.

(Continued from Page 4)

The red lines that stretch out not only to various parts of the homeland but also abroad from Ponghwa-ri as its centre were a vivid reflection of the positive activities carried on by the Association under the guidance of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik.

The Korean National Association was correct in its goal and its ways of achieving it, and it was not a local secret society confined to a small number of people but a large-scale political organization, whose network spread extensively at different parts of the homeland and even abroad.

The Association strove to expand its organization, collect funds and secure weapons, train the excellent people selected from among its members into military cadres. It also made efforts to infuse the broad masses with the anti-Japanese patriotic ideas.

Its organizational norm was extraordinary and elaborate: its membership was open only to those who were carefully screened out of the men who had vowed to lay down their lives for the restoration of the country, the unity of the members in ideology and will as well as their cohesion were held most priceless and a slightest manifestation of their ideological vacillation and organizational deviation was considered intolerable.

True, the Korean National Association was a revolutionary organization most steadfast in the anti-imperialist stand and an underground anti-Japanese revolutionary organization biggest in the organizational scale and the sphere of activity, too, in the period prior to the dissemination of Marxism-Leninism in our country.

From the Myongsin School I stepped in the house behind it where had lived Mr. Kim Hyong Jik. It was two-room house with a kitchen, and there were carefully preserved the belongings of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik and Mrs. Kang Ban Sok. Seeing them I felt my heart warming up.

The guide said that Mr. Kim Hyong Jik had had many visitors in disguise when he had taught at the Myongsin School. Everytime he showed them into that house, discussed the work with them and sent them with assigned tasks or held secret meetings with them at Pawito (Rock Site) on the Ponghwa-san Hill.

It would be correct to say that the house was not so much a private home as a commanding centre of the Korean National Association.

While organizing and leading the Korean National Association, the illegally existing anti-Japanese underground organization, Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, the ardent anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter, formed the legally existing organizations, the "Hakgyo-gye" (School Society) and "Pisok-gye" (Stone Monument Society), drew in them the broad masses of the people and educated them in the anti-Japanese patriotic ideas so that they might give the material and spiritual aid to the Korean National Association in its activities.

Together with a crowd of visitors I passed by the exercise ground where Mr. Kim Hyong Jik used to practice exercises every morning, and went on up to Pawito (Rock Site) halfway up the Ponghwa-san Hill.

I heard here from the guide an impressive story about the revolutionary activities of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik.

In those days the spot was covered with trees with thick foliage. So, it was favourable for holding secret meetings while watching the enemy's movements. Mr. Kim Hyong Jik designated it as a place for secret meetings and there he held discussions on the work with the members of the Association or with those engaged in the independence movement and assigned them new tasks to fulfil. The site was also used as a place to educate the children and youth in the anti-Japanese patriotic ideas.

Then the guide quoted the following words, which Mr. Kim Hyong Jik had given to the students one day in autumn, pointing to the fields where stood in rows tall millet.

"Dear students! Look at them. It seems as if they were soldiers standing in rows for review.

"Ponghwa-san Hill looks like a general, and they like the troops of Korea.

"How nice if Korea had so a strong troop as that! If so, we could chase out the Japanese devils and restore the country.

"So, we must store up the strength.

"We must respond with arms to violence by the enemy to defeat him."

The words of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik that we must take up arms to repulse the Japanese rascals and liberate the country! What an ardent revolutionary spirit permeated with the love for the country was strongly felt in his words!

The ardent aspiration of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik was brilliantly translated into reality in our country by the outstanding leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, his son and the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

I made my way to the low Stone Monument Hill at the entrance of the village, looking with pleasure down at the Bopyong plains where the co-op farmers were busy working to greet the spring ahead of time and tractors were bustling around.

On the top of the Hill there stands the "Monument in Memory of Historic Exploits of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik," which was built by our people to transmit posterity forever the immortal exploits made by Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, the indomitable anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter, patriotic and revolutionary educationist and outstanding leader of the anti-Japanese national-liberation movement in our country, who had devoted his whole life to the struggle for independence of the country and freedom and liberation of the people.

The inscription on the monument reads:

"Mr. Kim Hyong Jik taught here at the Myongsin School from March 1916 to the autumn of 1917 and, educating and training the youth and children in the anti-Japanese patriotic ideas, energetically carried on the revolutionary activities. Together with his comrades he formed on March 23, 1917, the 'Korean National Association', the anti-Japanese revolutionary organization, for freedom and independence of the fatherland, and expanded its organization at home and abroad to arouse the masses of the people to the anti-Japanese struggle while forming the 'Hakgyo-gye' and 'Pisok-gye', the legally existing organizations, to rouse the people in this locality to the anti-Japanese struggle.

"Scared by this, the Japanese imperialists arrested and imprisoned Mr. Kim Hyong Jik and a large number of the members of the Association at the close of 1917.

"Put behind bars at the Pyongyang prison for over a year, Mr. Kim Hyong Jik fought to the end steadfastly, holding fast to his revolutionary constancy without yielding to the brutal torture by the Japanese imperialist police and all sorts of appeasement. Released from the prison in 1918, Mr. Kim Hyong Jik left Mangyongdae, his native village, for Chunggang-jin, Linkiang, Pataokou, Popyong and Fusung, where he rallied great many revolutionaries and unfolded the anti-Japanese independence movement with greater vigor...."

Carefully reading every word of the inscription, I felt my heart burning with an immense adoration for Mr. Kim Hyong Jik.

I renewed, like other visitors there, my firm resolve to remain infinitely loyal to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, bearing deep in my mind the unflinching spirit of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik who had indefatigably struggled throughout the years of storm and stress.

Kim Bok Rok

AMONG THE PEOPLE

"Peasants Are Masters of the Land, Masters of the Country"

Kim Un Sok

(Continued from Our Previous Issue No. 11)

Saying that a big landlord had lived in this area, the General asked where his house was.

Hearing from us that it was in the neighbouring village, he got into the car with the remark that he wanted to have a look around there.

In Songmun-*ri* there was a mansion where had lived in luxury a foul skunk surnamed Pak, who was one of the biggest landlords in the area of Pyongyang, a dyed-in-the-wool pro-Japanese element who had even a career as member of the provincial advisory council under Japanese imperialist colonial rule. The defeat of Japanese imperialism kept him lying low in shudders. But informed that the Yankee rascals forced their way into South Korea, he raised his head again; he was set against even the three-to-seven system of tenancy and then fled to the South. He was guilty of so many crimes.

When the General stepped in through the gate of the mansion where had lived landlord Pak, all there came out and bowed to him. They were former farm hands, long-term hired labourers and servants of the landlord's.

The General helped them to resume a proper posture, telling them not to do that way, and slowly walked into the courtyard. Having heard about the landlord Pak's crimes while giving a sweeping glance to the structure of the mansion with scores of rooms, the General remarked landlord was so a deep-dyed wicked fellow as that.

He said to this effect:

...The skunk had once squeezed our fellow countrymen, currying favour with the Japanese rascals, and now he went over to the Yankee brutes to live a life under their wings. How can we forgive such fellows? ...We should carry out the land reform well so that no room may be left for them to set foot in the land of Korea in future....

There, too, the peasants in the village sat around the General in a room like one family. He invited time and again all the aged sitting on the floor outside the room to come in. The old men who spent most of their life as lifetime hired labourers in this house came in and sat on their knees, struck with awe.

Gazing at the old men, the General said that he also had grandfather at his home who followed the plow until his back was bent like them. He then told them to make themselves at home without formality, took them by their hands in person and helped them to take seats on the warmest part of the room.

Never had they been accorded the treatment due human being throughout all their life. But the General personally called on them and showed his respect for them as he would do for his real parents.

The old men were so deeply moved that they could find no words but silently seated themselves as the General wanted them to.

That day, having acquainted himself with the heartbreaking story about how the old men had been subjected to all sorts of humiliation and maltreatment by landlord Pak, the General consulted with the cadres accompanying him and said:

"Well, I would like to propose this. Let's turn this mansion and all its belongings over to those who suffered from the hardest toil here and distribute to them the best of the land formerly owned by landlord Pak."

All present there voiced their approval to the proposal, rejoicing over it more than they would when it was for their own sake.

"Dear General!... What a grateful..." said the old man Li rising to his feet, tears in his eyes. But he lost the thread of thoughts to express his immense gratitude. The old man, together with a son, had toiled as slavish hired labourer of landlord Pak till his hairs turned gray.

The General helped the old man to resume his seat and told emphatically to put up on the pillar of the gate a big name-plate of the man who had suffered most in the landlord's.

Of course, these words of the General, a manifestation of his love and concern, are not confined to a single peasant.

It was indicative of his concern and love for all of us peasants who had been subjected to oppression, humiliation and maltreatment by a handful of landlords.

Remarking that peasants are masters of the land, masters of the country, the General told us that we should support the Party and the people's power with might and main since they had brought our people such happiness of today.

He further said that the way to that end was to do farming well above all and wanted us to talk with him over the matter of how to cultivate our own land well and how to get more harvest in future.

A peasant regarded as an experienced farmer in Songmun-*ri* was the first to stand up and speak.

He said that he had thought it would be all plain sailing if only he had owned the land, but now when he came to get land he found himself in a heap of worries to do away with. There was no cattle to plow, above all, nor was money in hand at all and, accordingly, how to make payment for fertilizer in future was worrying him, he added. There were some whispered talks among the peasants about the authenticity of his remark.

The General said that he rightly struck home to a very urgent problem and asked us to tell him without hesitation if we had any proposal to make. So we spoke out to him everything that came to our mind, feeling quite at ease.

Having heard out all the proposals of us peasants, the General took up the problem of farming fund, to start with.

...It's quite natural for you to get worried about all these since you are masters of the land and, at the same time, masters of the country. The farm implements and seed-grain too won't be enough to go round, besides the money to buy fertilizer with. That's why the people's committee is preparing for the establishment of the peasants' bank and consumers' cooperative so that the peasants may borrow farming funds at low interest and purchase fertilizer or farm implements at cheap price....

As for plowing, he taught that we had better form oxen-sharing teams with all cattle serviceable in our village.

We peasants could not repress an admiration for his wise step.

Then, touching upon the problem of irrigation, a headache for us peasants, the General suggested that we should solve the problem by completing quickly the project of reservoir in our village with joint efforts and with the state support, the project which had been left undone by the devilish Japanese imperialists.

That day the General told us, who were out the entrance of the village to send him off, that he would often visit us in future too, and repeatedly encouraged us to carry out the land reform with success and to do farming well from the first year.

In this way the correct guidance given by the Party and Comrade Premier in person enabled us to thoroughly carry out the land reform in a short span of time.

* * *

This is how we became masters of the land, the full-fledged masters of the country.

Many years have passed since then. For us these have been indeed years of worthwhile life.

We worked with all our might on the land given by the General. Our livelihood improved every year and we found ourselves worth living.

The enemy did not want to see us enjoying a happy life, but ignited the war in an attempt to wrest it from us.

Our people, who had realized through their life the correct policies of the Party and Comrade Premier and were conscious of their being the honourable masters of the country, knocked down the U.S. imperialists and the class enemy and defended at the risk of their lives the people's power and the land given by the Leader.

The war ended in the victory for our people but because of the heavy scars of war the life of our peasants and the material and technical foundations of agriculture were quite at a low level.

At that time, too, the Party and Comrade Premier showed us the way of socialist co-operativization. And today he illumined the road for us to follow in his "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country."

The Party and the government have shown a great concern for our rural areas and us peasants.

Irrigation was successfully carried out, mechanization has been pushed ahead and the facilities for farming as well as houses have been built at the state expenses. Moreover, agricultural tax-in-kind was abolished completely.

Our rural areas took on a new look and the peasants' life improved markedly.

We have so far made a victorious advance singleheartedly following the path indicated by the Party and Comrade Premier and scaled a high eminence of today. In these days of proud struggle, we drew new strength and courage from the unforgettable historical day when we became masters of the land, and overcame all difficulties.

There is still much work for us to do. We must unify our country within the present generation without fail and let the peasants in South Korea partake in our happiness.

We know well that our struggle for increased production of grain and other farm produce in accordance with the decision of the Party Conference and the teachings given by Comrade Premier at the national meeting of agricultural workers means precisely hastening the final victory of our revolution and repaying the consistent deep solicitude shown to our peasants by the Party and Comrade Premier and all the benefits from the state.

That's why we, like all other co-op farmers in our country, are waging ever vigorous struggle for the increased production of grain, rallied closer around the Party and the Leader, while revolutionizing and working-classizing ourselves steadily.

(The End)

Workers Fulfil First-Quarter Plans Racing at "Kangson Speed"

The first-quarter plans are being fulfilled in succession in factories and enterprises which have been bringing about the great revolutionary upsurge from the outset of the year to present the glorious Fifth Congress of our Party with more splendid labour feats.

Upholding the teaching of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung given in November last year, the workers of the Kangson Steel Works, the cradle of the Chollima movement, who created the "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, at the beginning of this year, splendidly carried out this year's first-quarter production target of steel, two times greater than the corresponding period of last year, at 100.1 per cent as of March 18.

They also splendidly hit the production target of such products of the second-stage processing as seamless pipe and wire rope and so forth.

In this period, the smelters of the works, fully aware of the importance of the seizure of steel height in the execution of the Seven-Year Plan, introduced into steel production various technical innovation devices which are equivalent to those introduced last year.

It has resulted in shortening the steel-making time by 90 minutes on an average and extending the durability of furnace ceiling 3.5 times longer than the corresponding period of last year. This is an unprecedented innovation in steel production.

The smelters of the Li Jong Bok-led work team and the Li Jin Su-led work team of No. 2 furnace named after the League of Socialist Working Youth succeeded in reducing the steel-making time by 3 hours and 31 minutes as against last year, which resulted in running three heats in a shift. This success has been made possible thanks to the introduction of advanced work methods.

Smelters there made the continued innovation and uninterrupted advance this way. Thus the average daily steel output rose 1.3 times in February that in January and it has again jumped to a higher level in March compared with February.

Like this, the steel fighters of this works are advancing, advancing, struggling and advancing, taking a high pride in the fact that they have created the "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed.

The workers of coal mining industry are also dashing forward at the "Kangson speed."

The Red colliers of the colliery where Comrade Pak Bong Hak works have kept up their Chollima march since the beginning of this year and achieved a proud success. They fulfilled the first-quarter plan for coal production as of March 8.

Upholding the teaching of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to think and act boldly, the workers of this colliery worked out a new method of tunnelling smashing conservatism and passivism.

Thanks to the introduction of this new method in tunnelling, the "Height 1211 Shock Brigade" members of the Chang U Gi-led mining company of this colliery with the title of Chollima could boost up the productive tunnelling of January and February to 550 per cent on an average in a shift, and 800 per cent at the maximum.

The Pyon Chang Nam-led excavator platoon members, by introducing a new excavating method, exceeded their daily target 2.4 times on an average, 15 times at the highest. Thus they already fulfilled their first-half year plan as of March 7.

The Red miners of the mine where Comrade Li Hyong Jin works hit their first-quarter goal as of March 9.

The miners of this mine who found the latent reserves for increased production in the effective use of the existing equipment extended the electric car lines to push forward the mechanization of hauling operations in the pits and, at the same time, unfolded a mass movement to raise the work efficiency of drilling machine.

Such strenuous efforts culminated in increasing the tunnelling speed 1.3 times higher than the record of last year.

The members of the Li Chang Gun-led mining platoon employed the methods of continued boring and continued blasting which resulted in increasing the rock breaking double that of last year. They were the first to fulfil their first-quarter plan in the mine, 40 days earlier than the set time.

The workers of this mine worked new miracles and made innovations and carried out their first-quarter plan 20 days ahead of schedule. Not content with their success, they are advancing, advancing, struggling and advancing.

Honour also goes to the workers and technicians of the works where Comrade Ryang Tae Gun works.

They have always striven to carry through the instructions given by Comrade Kim Il Sung at every stage of revolution, with the result that they fulfilled brilliantly the first-quarter plan of chemical fertilizer production at 100.1 per cent as of March 8.

Always faithful singleheartedly to the fatherly Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who has provided them with today's happy life, the workers and technicians of this factory brought the per-hour output of gas to the mark of 10,000 cubic metres more than the rated capacity through the rational operation of gas generators.

In particular, the workers of the Yon Byong Ok-led workshop in charge of the most important branch of chemical fertilizer production, boosted the output of fertilizers to a marked extent through the realization of automatic control of centrifugal separator.

Kim Myong Su

Steelmakers of the Chollima Kangson Steel Works have splendidly fulfilled their first-quarter plan by dashing ahead like the wind at the "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, out of a single desire to remain loyal to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung

Superb Operation Guaranteeing Steady Advancement of Revolution

On the Occasion of 30th Anniversary of Victorious Tamalukou and Hungchiho Battles

Thirty years have drifted by since the resplendent victories were won in March 1940 in Tamalukou and Hungchiho battles under the personal command of the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius.

The whole course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged by the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung was marked by one severe ordeal after another, but the years around 1939-40 were the period of the most harsh trial.

In those days the Japanese imperialists were running wilder to translate into reality their ambition for aggression on the continent, and they resorted to every way and means available in an attempt to turn Korea and Manchuria into their "solid rear."

The Japanese imperialists set up a "punitive headquarters" in Chilin and mobilized a large armed force more than 200,000 strong under the name of "special clean-up campaign for maintaining public peace in the southeastern region" in the second half of 1939. The spearhead of attack was directed to the Korean People's Revolutionary Army commanded by Comrade Kim Il Sung which constituted a grave menace to them in their rear.

Along with the stepped-up military offensive, the Japanese imperialists smuggled their spies and lackeys into the guerilla army in an effort to disrupt them from within, and everywhere were scattered a heap of handbills inducing the guerillas to submit or surrender.

A grave ordeal befell to the anti-Japanese armed struggle and Korean revolution.

To cope with the prevailing situation Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, educated the anti-Japanese guerillas in revolutionary optimism and immense loyalty to the revolution above all.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught to this effect:

...The Communists devote all energies to the struggle for revolution, and feel the greatest pleasure and pride in this struggle. That's why the revolutionaries are always bright, cheerful and full of passion, though arduous the revolution is.

It is the greatest honour due revolutionaries to fall in the course of struggle under the red banner of communism. If the forerunner falls, his follower will take over the banner to continue his struggle.

In this way the revolution will emerge victorious in the end....

The anti-Japanese guerillas derived strength from the revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung in face of many-fold difficulties, bearing his teachings deep in their minds, and were filled with the determination to beat back the Japanese imperialists' offensive and defend the banner of revolution to the last, rallied rock-firm around the Leader.

In view of the grave situation prevailing at that time, the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung thus imbued the guerillas with conviction of a sure victory. On the other hand, he set forth a new strategic and tactical line on changing the guerilla tactics of relying on the secret camps to the large-troop circling operations in the area northeast of Mt. Paekdu-san.

The Tamalukou and Hungchiho battles are typical of the battles fought in the course of the large-troop circling operations that added another exploit to the history of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle.

After the offensive operation in the Musan area the units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army conducted the large-troop circling operations, dealing heavy blows at the Japanese imperialists at Olgi, Liukosung and Chiahsingtze battles, and further reinforced their combat capacity through the military and political study under the personal command of Comrade Kim Il Sung at Paishihtan secret camp early in 1940.

And then they advanced to the border area through the forest of bayonets in order to sally again into the homeland.

Having personally led the units to the border area, Comrade Kim Il Sung prepared for an attack against Tamalukou where were entrenched Akahori "punitive forces" and Mori police force 500 strong of the Japanese imperialists. The plan was motivated by his aim to strike, first of all, a serious blow at the enemy hell-bent on "punitive expedition," to throw him in utter confusion and obtain military supplies needed in the offensive operation in the homeland.

Having deeply felt the enemy's movements, Comrade Kim Il Sung worked out a superb combat plan to make a surprise attack against the enemy from all sides and wipe him out at a breath and assigned a combat task to each unit.

At 20:00 March 11, our units which had dashed into the enemy's position at the order of Comrade Kim Il Sung occupied the town of Tamalukou in a moment.

The battle in Tamalukou thus ended in a victory for the guerilla units in a flash.

The Korean People's Revolutionary Army captured large quantities of weapons, ammunitions, clothes and provisions in the battle.

Seeing General Kim Il Sung whom they had craved for, looking up to him as the sun of the nation, as the beacon of hope, the people in Tamalukou enthusiastically welcomed the triumphant anti-Japanese guerillas, shouting aloud "Long live General Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the Korean People's Revolutionary Army!"

The enemy had been running about in the valley of Tunhua, calculating that the "communist forces", no matter how supernatural agility they might move with, would never be able to break through his cordon. So, the appearance of the units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army at the border area and their surprise attack against Tamalukou, in fact, came as a thunderclap on the enemy.

The enemy whipped together their armed forces nearby and started in pursuit.

Comrade Kim Il Sung deftly threw the oncoming enemy off the scent by elusive tactics, made his way into the Hualatzu secret camp and ordered the units to make rest and prepare for fresh action. Then the units resumed their advance to the homeland.

The enemy had been combing the valleys of Tamalukou to follow up a trace of our units. But no sooner had the Korean People's Revolutionary Army made its appearance than a large enemy force came in pursuit again.

Taking into account the fact that the oncoming enemy might have caused a difficulty to advance to the homeland if he had been left to tag on, Comrade Kim Il Sung decided to knock him down at Hungchiho.

Under the personal command of Comrade Kim Il Sung our units decoyed into the valley of Hungchiho the enemy who hung on the trail helter-skelter, and beat him down by ambush tactics.

That day the "punitive forces" of the Japanese imperialists under the command of a rascal surnamed Maeda who was bragging of his "crack unit" and other units of deep-dyed wicked elements were annihilated by the Korean People's Revolutionary Army in a flash. Witnessing this, the force of the puppet Manchurian army 300 or more strong who were in pursuit gave up all hope of pouncing on and took to flight.

The Hungchiho battle thus was brought to a victorious conclusion by the Korean People's Revolutionary Army. The bag in this battle was 200-odd enemies killed, wounded or captured alive including the commander of the "punitive forces" and quantities of weapons and ammunitions seized.

In this way the units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army gave a telling blow to the Japanese imperialists, demonstrating its invincible might once again.

True, the victories in the Tamalukou and Hungchiho battles were of great significance, political and military.

These battles fought in the days of severe ordeals to the Korean revolution fully showed the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, and his brilliant strategy and tactics as well as the infinite loyalty to the Leader of men of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army rallied around him and their indomitable revolutionary spirit.

As in the whole course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the shining victory in Tamalukou and Hungchiho battles was possible only thanks to the brilliant strategy and tactics and the outstanding leadership of the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The Japanese imperialists at that time said deploringly with regard to the elusive war methods and outstanding art of command of Comrade Kim Il Sung:

"The strategy and tactics employed by the communist forces are completely mysterious. They conduct the war by 'war methods' which are not to be found in any book on strategy and tactics. Our greatest headache is that they resist us by methods quite contrary to the regular operations of the Imperial Army." (The Imperial Army means the Japanese imperialist aggressor army.)

(Continued on Page 8)

Great Change Takes Place in Fishing Base from Day to Day under Wise Guidance of the Leader

Always alive with fishing boats is the port which has the fishery office where Comrade Ryu Dal Su works: large trawl-boats clearing the port fully ready for fishing operation, seine-boats returning there flying flags of big haul, large and small motorboats floating on the horizon with their nets cast in the sea plus white and blue-colored carrier-boats and service boats sailing between them.

On the eve of the significant Fishermen's Day the port is overbrimming with intense loyalty and militant stamina of the fishermen who are endeavoring to fulfil without fail the militant tasks put forward by the Leader.

"We should catch fish incessantly all the year round irrespective of seasons by various methods—in a collective or dispersed way, in the distant sea or coastal waters, with big boat or small one and catching this fish and that."

This port is a powerful base not only for inshore fishing but also for pelagic one, the fishing port where all have turned out to carry out the tasks set forth by the fatherly Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Based here on this port is a number of pelagic fishing fleets engaged in fishing in the sea far away from the motherland.

Pelagic fishing fleets each with a more than 10,000-ton class mother ship headed by a detector-boat and accompanied by big and small fishing boats and large-size carrier-boats conduct successfully fishing operation far out in the sea, sometimes moving through a fog so dense that one cannot see a foot ahead or coping with the iceberg threatening to wreck boats.

That is why the fishing port is always thronged with fully-loaded boats returning from pelagic and inshore fishnig, its pier being alive with fishing boats, carrier-boats, mother ships and other various types of large modern motorboats.

Before the liberation, however, things there were quite different from what they are now.

Only a few worn-out wooden boats were to be found there.

Even these boats belonged to the Japanese imperialist rascals.

The fishermen of this dull port were forced to get on board a tiny boat and always carried their lives in their hands. They had to use mountain peaks on the coast as their guide on their way to the port.

They cast nets, taking a flock of sea gulls for a sign of shoal.

But today the fishermen find it quite safe to sail under whatever climatic conditions, on foggy day or at night, with the help of the navigation apparatuses in which the latest achievements of the radio engineering were introduced. Further, they locate shoal through shoal detectors and use the automated or semi-automated equipment and the remote controllers for the fishing and processing operations.

In the tender-hearted bosom of the fatherly Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung our fishermen have become the full-fledged masters of the country and our fisheries been equipped with modern techniques under his wise leadership.

Comrade Kim Il Sung has shown meticulous concern for exploitation of inexhaustible aquatic resources with a view to promoting the people's well-being.

He has not only indicated the concrete direction and ways of the development of fishing industry at each stage but also provided every condition for the reinforcement of its material and technical foundation since the liberation.

Comrade Kim Il Sung personally saw to it that the shipbuilding bases were established and the engineering industry was developed rapidly to manufacture for ourselves Diesel engines and other machines and equipment needed in shipbuilding.

As a result, we have come to turn out with our own techniques, strength and materials all machines and equipment, big and small, such as automated machines washing fishes right after they are caught, quick-freezing apparatuses for washed fishes and automated machines making fish meal and extracting oil.

True, our powerful independent national economy has enabled us to build various types of modernly-equipped ships and thus form a number of pelagic fishing fleets.

A fishing fleet consists of a detector-boat, a mother ship and carrier-boats each with their own specific task, besides a service ship which brings to the fishermen on the sea fresh vegetables and fruits together with newspapers and magazines carrying fresh news of the motherland, the country of Chollima, and the newly-produced feature films. The fleet moves about like an organic body to exploit the resources in the sea.

Various kinds of fishes caught in the sea are supplied to consumers through a well-regulated system of refrigeration. Fishes are frozen in boats as soon as they are caught, carried to the port by refrigerator-carriers and transported by freezing cars from there to consuming areas. Then they come to refrigerators in shops via cold storages and freezing factories in different parts of the country before they reach consumers.

On the other hand a part of the catch goes to the processing factories.

Our fishing industry with firm material and technical foundations is contributing to the development of chicken-farming and stock-breeding, not to speak of the dietary life of the population.

Chicken-egg and chicken factories and stock-breeding farms in all parts of the country get a steady supply of fish meal, albuminous and mineral fodder, which is turned out by mother ships on the spot.

Comrade Kim Il Sung has not only given constant guidance for consolidation of the material and technical foundation of fisheries but also has seen that fishermen were provided with everything including warm clothes in winter and water proof in summer that is needed in their life and work, holding them dear, lest they should have the least inconvenience.

He even looked after the cultural life and resting conditions of the fishermen with paternal affection.

In May 1957 Comrade Kim Il Sung personally visited this fishery office. Exposed to the strong sea wind, he came out to the pier and shook each of the fishermen by the hand stained with scale, showing deep concern for their life.

This was not the first time they felt never-to-be-forgotten emotion and joy.

Comrade Premier personally came to their office many a time after the ceasefire and paid close attention even to the service facilities of boat so that the fishermen out on the sea might lead as enjoyable life as on the land.

The warm solicitude of the fatherly Leader is felt everywhere—in a boat, in the life of every fisherman who finds time to enjoy himself everyday in the cinema hall, club or gym of the boat or in a fisherman's house in the coastal city with its white-washed walls presenting a sharp contrast to the blue sea.

One day in August 1967 the fishermen of the fishery office were engaged in tense pelagic fishing operation, fighting against the storm and raging waves, when they received a wireless message from the fatherly Leader whom they yearned for in their minds, looking far at the motherland.

In his message Comrade Kim Il Sung praised them for a big success in their fishing operation, deeply concerned about the health and life of the fishermen who were devoting their all to the pelagic fishing for the fatherland and the people, and encouraged them to return home in good health with paternal affection.

Unable to keep back the surging emotions at the Leader's message of encouragement, all the fishermen hugged each other, repeatedly shouting "Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung!" at the top of their voices. And they renewed their unshakable vow to remain loyal to the Leader.

Immensely happy are our fishermen who live and work amid utmost solicitude and concern of the fatherly Leader.

That is why with feeling of unbounded trust in and deepest adoration of the Leader they on th eve of the Fishermen's Day are effecting one innovation after another in their work and life out of a single desire to remain all the more loyal to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who marked off their holiday in person.

Pak Ju Sol

Our Red fishermen are having a rich haul with modernly-equipped boats thanks to the solicitude of the Leader

(Continued from Page 7)

The victory in Tamalukou and Hungchiho battles inflicted heavy political and military blows upon the Japanese imperialists who had feverishly attempted to "completely annihilate" the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army, the leading force of the Korean revolution, and rendered it possible to uphold to the last the banner of the Korean revolution.

It also greatly contributed to leading the Korean revolutionary movement with the anti-Japanese armed struggle as its centre along one road of victory.

The brilliant victory in the large-troop circling operations including the Tamalukou and Hungchiho battles made it possible to tide over the stern trials on the way of the revolution at that time and encouraged the people to valiantly wage the struggle, closely united under the banner of the revolution with a confidence even in the grim situation that our revolution would emerge victorious without fail, because Comrade Kim Il Sung was leading the revolution.

The great significance of the Tamalukou and Hungchiho battles also lies in the fact that they showed a living example of proletarian internationalism by dealing a blow from behind at the Japanese imperialists who were frantically attempting to expand their aggression on the continent.

Marking the 30th anniversary of the victorious significant Tamalukou and Hungchiho battles, the hearts of our people are filled with the feeling of infinite respect for and loyalty to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, who with the destiny of the fatherland and nation on his shoulders has surmounted all the trials in the van of the revolution and led the Korean revolution along one road of victory.

Cho Son Won

Red fishermen of the fishery office where Comrade Kim Gyong Yop works return to their port flying the flag of big haul. They have striven hard to mark the Fishermen's Day with greater labour feats

S. Korean Students Bitterly Denounce Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique's Fascist Tyranny and Treacherous Acts

The South Korean students are raising ever higher the voice denouncing the criminal fascist tyranny and treacherous acts of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet bandits, their dirty running dogs, defying the suppression by the gangsters which is becoming all the more brutal.

A student of the Seoul University in an article contributed to a recent issue of a South Korean journal wrote that "the freedom of speech, assembly and association is denied" in South Korea which has been converted into a hell on earth under the military fascist dictatorship of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges the Pak Jung Hi bandits and the "elementary human rights of the people are trampled underfoot owing to the corpulent intelligence organs." He branded this fascist suppression by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges as a "ridiculous act challenging the whole history of the nation and treachery trampling upon the aspiration of the whole nation."

Another student exposed that "a large number of plain-clothes men are permanently planted in schools to watch and control every movement of students and even teachers report every movement of the students to intelligence organs."

Saying that "today not only scientific forums but also other activities have been brought to a stop at schools," he declared that today the South Korean schools have fallen a victim to fascistization.

The South Korean students manifest their resolution to resist injustice and fight the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys.

A student of the Seoul University declared: "Today our territory remains bisected. The whole nation, let us rise up as one and forge ahead to realize national aspirations!"

Meanwhile, a student of the Ryongnam University in an article contributed to a South Korean paper manifested the determination of the students to turn out again in a struggle for justice, writing: "the students feel injustice all the more keenly and endure the pressure, watching for a chance to leap, like a pressed 'spring'."

Foul Nature of False Drama Brought to Light

A revealing searchlight has once again been thrown on the sordid background of the "anti-communist" row which the Japanese militarists and the South Korean puppets kicked up by cooking up a so-called "germ order case" under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists to throw mud at our country.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet gang made a dust, asserting that "germs are preserved" in the Korean University in Tokyo and "poison is manufactured" there and so forth, adducing so-called "information" provided by the Japanese militarists. But this has proved to be the blackest lie, according to a report from Tokyo.

On March 3, representatives of the Korean University and Korean compatriots of various circles in Tokyo, enraged at the "anti-communist" clamour of the South Korean puppets and the abominable "anti-communist" duet of the Japanese militarist clique with these puppets, went to Jitsukawa, chief of the quarantine section of the Ministry of Health and Welfare of the Japanese reactionary government, who was said to have provided the so-called "information", and strongly demanded him to put the matter in its proper light. Driven into a corner, unable to produce any ground for the false drama, the rascal had no alternative but to confess that he had done "nothing of that sort" and even wrote a "paper stating that he never said such words," the report says.

Thus ended the "germ order case." Those who invented it to hurl malicious slanders and calumnies at our country and realise their aggressive design more easily behind its curtain, slapped themselves in the face.

As already reported, the Japanese militarists, according to a manuscript written by the U.S. imperialists, set in motion their propaganda machines in a false propaganda barrage early in February, alleging that our country had placed an "order" with Japan for "cholera and other contagious germs" to be used in "bacteriological weapons." The South Korean puppets promptly chimed in, kicking up a frantic "anti-communist" row and left no stone unturned in an attempt to "stir the world" with this lie.

In a ridiculous effort to render some "creditability" to this nasty campaign, the ruffians carried on the false propaganda that the so-called germ order had been placed with a Japanese firm and the germs ordered were preserved in a Japanese university and so forth. When this attempt fell flat, they shamelessly tried to fabricate a ground for their din by involving the Korean University in the matter and spreading the lie that the "germs are preserved" in it.

By so doing, the U.S. imperialists and their Japanese stooges and South Korean puppets tried to "justify" their criminal machinations to divert elsewhere at all costs the attention of the South Korean people, zealously whip up war hysteria and extensively introduce germ weapons and other weapons of mass destruction in the provocation of a new war of aggression in Korea as they intended from the beginning in cooking up the "germ order case."

It cannot be overlooked especially that the Japanese militarist clique had spread the rumor that "germs are preserved" in the Korean University while persisting in their frantic manoeuvres to enact a fascist "alien school law" with the heinous design to invent pretexts for repressing and obliterating the democratic, national education of the Korean citizens in Japan. This is another concrete indication that the Japanese militarists and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique are up to plots to more harshly suppress the democratic, national education of the Korean citizens in Japan.

The truth cannot be veiled with falsehood for a long time and those who try to get something from fabrications only expose their own despicable nature and come across stronger repudiation and denunciation by public opinion, the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys will only meet their doom just as the imperialist aggressors and their stooges who manoeuvred to attain their criminal design by false propaganda and "anti-communist" racket did without exception in the past.

Kim Jong Sin

A South Korean Puppet Army Officer Comes Over

to the Northern Half of the Republic

Kim Tae Jin (28), commander (captain) of the 11th Co., 3rd Batt., 80th Reg., 28th Div. of the South Korean puppet army, came over a few days ago to the northern half of the Republic, opposing the vicious colonial enslavement policy of U.S. imperialism and its stooges Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and their intensified manoeuvres for a new war.

Pointing to the motive of his coming over to the northern half of the Republic across the death line, he said:

My experience in actual life firmly convinced me that the South Korean puppet army is an army of colonial mercenaries shackled to the U.S. imperialist aggressors and to continue to serve the puppet army will bring me nothing but death in an aggressive war of the U.S. rascals.

I had been taken to the shambles of the U.S. imperialists' war of aggression in South Vietnam and saw many South Korean youth dying a disgraceful dog's death as bullet-shields of the U.S. villains. And I felt to the marrow of my bones how miserable the lot of mercenaries of the U.S. imperialists is.

I witnessed with my own eyes after I was sent to the frontline area to what extent the war hysteria of the U.S. gangsters and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have gone.

The gangsters, croaking about a "war footing" and so on, force the officers to be on the "alert in the barracks" and keep driving out soldiers to various exercises and position work, giving no sufficient sleep to them.

Of late the rascals, palavering about the so-called "Nixon doctrine," are screwing up the situation in Korea to a high pitch in accordance with the sinister scheme of the U.S. imperialists to make Asians fight Asians and committing every day armed provocations and espionage acts along the frontline.

Under such situation I with the conscience of the Korean nation could not sit idle and wait for the tragic lot of dog's death as a "bullet-shield officer" and "ephemeral officer," betraying the nation, driven out to a fratricidal war by the U.S. gangsters and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, Kim Tae Jin said.

He also referred to the miserable life of the South Korean people.

He said that the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots, unable to endure any longer such national calamities, are fighting dedicating even their youth and life without hesitation, looking up as the beacon of hope to the northern half of the Republic daily prospering and developing under the wise leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung.

Emphasizing that no force on earth can dampen the ardent aspiration and burning fighting spirit of the South Korean people, he declared: I also could not keep down the feeling of infinite adoration for Premier Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation, and longing for the northern half of the Republic.

After I was dispatched to the frontline area, I listened to the radio broadcasting of the northern half of the Republic and all the more clearly realized that the northern half has been turned into an earthly paradise good to live in under the wise leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung. I desired more eagerly to live a worthy life in the broad and warm bosom of Premier Kim Il Sung.

I boldly crossed the death line and came over to the northern half of the Republic, using my coming to an area near the Demarcation Line as a chance, he said.

Embraced in the bosom of the Republic, Kim Tae Jin is now spending happy days amid the warm hospitality of people in the northern half of the Republic.

U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Army Continues to Infiltrate Spy Bandits into the Area of the Northern Half of the Republic

The U.S. imperialist aggressor army which is getting more frantic with ceaseless sending of spy bandits into the area of our side in preparation for a new war against the northern half of the Republic, infiltrated on March 13 spy bandits armed with various kinds of lethal weapons and espionage apparatuses into the area of our side in the western and central sectors of the front.

Sentinels of the units to which Comrades Choe Yo Taek and Pak Guk Ryol belong, who were vigilantly guarding their posts, instantly captured the intruding spy bandits on the spot.

According to the confession made by the captured spy bandits this time, recently the U.S. imperialist aggressor army is enlisting in the "intelligence corps," the den of spies, jobless youths and the middle-aged wandering about without job after their discharge from the puppet army by means of force or deception with a view to infiltrating more spy bandits into the area of the northern half of the Republic as part of the preparations for a new war, and giving them training by vicious methods.

Earlier, on March 12, sentinels of the unit to which Comrade An Chang Ryul belongs, who were on sentry duty, instantly captured the enemy armed spy who was attempting to carry out spy activities after infiltrating into the area of our side in the central sector of the front.

No matter by what vicious and nefarious methods the U.S. imperialist aggressor army may infiltrate spy bandits into the area of our side, sentinels of our People's Army will smash the moves of the enemy at every step.

Armed spies hired by the U.S. imperialists and their belongings, who were captured by the men of the Korean People's Army while trying espionage and subversive activities after sneaking into the area of the northern half of the Republic

Victory and Glory to the Heroic Vietnamese People!

☆

Anti-U.S. Imperialist, National-Salvation Struggle of Heroic Vietnamese People Will Surely Be Crowned with Victory

On March 19, the Vietnamese people mark the 20th anniversary of the "day of nation-wide anti-U.S. imperialist struggle."

On this day, the Korean people extend warm militant greetings and congratulations to the heroic Vietnamese people who are keeping up a heroic struggle to rout the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Twenty years ago, to be more exact, in March, 1950, the U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated an open armed intervention against the Vietnamese people, but they were driven out in face of the powerful nation-wide anti-U.S. imperialist struggle of the heroic Vietnamese people.

This was the first victory won by the Vietnamese people in their anti-U.S. imperialist struggle.

But the U.S. imperialists, instead of drawing a lesson from their defeat, did not give up their aggressive ambition and have now embarked on the piratical invasion of Vietnam in real earnest.

In violation of the 1954 Geneva Agreements on Vietnam, the U.S. imperialists have been perpetrating the aggressive war against Vietnam for more than 15 years now. For this war of genocide they hurled over 500,000 aggressor troops and a colossal number of mercenaries into South Vietnam and mobilized various kinds of mass destruction weapons and toxic chemicals.

But the entire North and South Vietnamese people who are full of firm determination to liberate the South, defend the North and reunify the fatherland, checked and frustrated at every step the machinations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors and won a brilliant victory in the anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle.

In response to the militant call of the Workers' Party of Vietnam, the people in North Vietnam displayed mass heroism and indomitable fighting spirit in the fight against the U.S. imperialists. They already shot down over 3,300 aircraft of the U.S. rascals and made a great success in strengthening the defence power of the country.

The South Vietnam People's Liberation Armed Forces and the people, under the leadership of the National Front for Liberation, firmly taking the initiative in the war, mounted repeated attacks on the U.S. imperialists and their stooges on all fronts to inflict heavy military and political defeat upon them. They have won a great victory of liberating over 10 million population and four-fifths of the whole territory of South Vietnam.

The Korean people rejoice as their own over the brilliant successes the brotherly Vietnamese people have won in their war of resistance against U.S. imperialism and for national salvation and warmly congratulate them on their successes.

Pyongyang city meeting was held at the Moranbong Theatre to support and encourage the Vietnamese people in their anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle

Today, the U.S. imperialist aggressors who have enmeshed themselves in a bad fix in face of the heroic resistance of the Vietnamese people, are resorting to their nefarious, criminal aggressive war in Vietnam croaking about the so-called "non-Americanization" and "Vietnamization" of the Vietnam war.

Even after their announcement that they would "suspend" the "bombing of the North," the U.S. imperialists continue their brigandish "reconnaissance flight" over and bombing of the DRV, further intensifying the bestial "scorched-earth operation" of "burn all, destroy all and kill all" in all parts of South Vietnam.

All this clearly shows that the U.S. imperialists are the most tyrannical murderer of modern times, most villainous aggressor, the most cruel blood-sucker and the most truculent common enemy of mankind, with whom one cannot live under the same sky.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, taught:

"The more frenziedly the U.S. imperialists act, the more difficult their position becomes. U.S. imperialism is going downhill and confronted with the fate of a setting sun." ("Great Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Cause of Asian, African and Latin American Peoples Is Invincible," p. 22.)

With no vicious moves, can the U.S. imperialists subdue the Vietnamese people full of firm determination to fight to the end against the U.S. imperialist aggressors till they win final victory, or attain their foul aggressive end.

The U.S. imperialists should quit the soil of Vietnam immediately and unconditionally taking with them all their aggressor troops and lethal weapons.

The Vietnam question must be solved by the Vietnamese people themselves according to the four-point stand of the Government of the Vietnam Democratic Republic and the ten-point principle of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation and the programme of action of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam.

As hitherto, the Korean people will in future, too, do everything in their power to support the brotherly Vietnamese people in the struggle against the common enemy the U.S. imperialists.

We firmly believe that the Vietnamese people will certainly win final victory in their sacred anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle.

The Entire Korean People Sternly Condemn with Surging Indignation the Smith Racist Clique for the

Criminal Farce of Proclaiming a "Republic" Staged at the Direct Instigation of the U.S. and British Imperialists

Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity Issues Statement

The Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity issued a statement on March 11 in denunciation of the Smith racist clique of Southern Rhodesia who, backed and instigated by the U.S. and British imperialists, staged the farce of proclaiming a "republic" on March 2.

The statement pointed out that the proclamation of the "republic" of Southern Rhodesia by the Smith racist bandits is a direct product of the notorious and malicious policy of aggression of the imperialists and the neo-colonialists headed by the U.S. imperialists to suppress and stamp out the national-liberation struggle of the African people by using Southern Rhodesia and South Africa as their base of aggression and continuously strengthen their colonialist domination and subjugation of the African continent and an absolutely unpardonable illegal act trampling down the rights and interests of the people of Zimbabwe. It continued:

This is, at the same time, a heinous crime against the over four million people of Zimbabwe who have risen up in a just struggle for overthrowing the Smith racist regime and achieving the liberation of the country and national independence and a vicious challenge to the entire African peoples and the revolutionary people of the world struggling against imperialism, colonialism and racism headed by U.S. imperialism and for freedom, liberation and genuine independence.

The Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity together with the entire Korean people vehemently denounces with surging indignation the criminal farce of proclamation of the "republic" staged by the Smith racist bandits at the direct instigation of the U.S. and British imperialists.

Recalling that today the U.S. imperialists, the chieftain of world reaction, while continuously supplying the Smith racists with various kinds of lethal weapons and war materials via the Republic of South Africa, turning a deaf ear to the strong opposition of the freedom-loving people of the world, are now working hard to strangulate the national-liberation struggle of the people of Zimbabwe and African people and maintain their colonial domination and pillage by bringing the Smith clique into collusion with the Vorster racists and Portuguese colonialists, the statement continued:

As facts show, U.S. imperialism is the very one trying to hold in check the just liberation struggle of the people of Zimbabwe, chieftain of racism, strangler of freedom and national independence, and most heinous common enemy of the African peoples and the peoples of the rest of the world.

With no deceptive tricks or machinations can the U.S. imperialists veil their heinous nature as the wrecker of liberation and progress of Africa and aggressor against Zimbabwe and Africa or arrest the just cause of the people of Zimbabwe and African peoples for the liberation of the country.

The struggle of the people of Zimbabwe is a just struggle to crush the colonialist racist regime and win the liberation and independence of the country and a link in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle of the African peoples to cut off the last life-line of imperialism in Africa and liberate this continent.

The Korean people who, united close around Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, are struggling to force the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops out of South Korea and attain the independent unification of the fatherland, extend allout support and encouragement to the just struggle of the people of Zimbabwe against the U.S. and British imperialists and their stooges the Smith racist clique and for the liberation of the country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, taught:

"There may be uncountable difficulties and obstacles and various turns and twists on the way of the liberation struggle of the peoples, but it is the inevitable law of the development of history that imperialism is doomed to ruin and the liberation struggle of the peoples is sure to be crowned with victory."

The African peoples and the peoples the world over who value truth, justice and independence stand foursquare behind the fighting people of Zimbabwe.

We firmly believe that the courageous patriots and people of Zimbabwe will fight more staunchly in firm unity and certainly win final victory in their just cause for freedom and liberation.

Sure Victory Will Go to the Just Struggle of the Laotian People!

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Just Stand of Patriotic Front of Laos

Of late the Central Committee of the Patriotic Front of Laos issued a statement on the political solution of the Laotian problem.

In its statement the Patriotic Front of Laos scathingly exposed and denounced the U.S. imperialists for their moves for the expansion of aggression and war against Laos, made clear again its stand that the problem of Laos should be solved by the Laotian people themselves without interference of any outside forces in accordance with the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos and on the basis of the actual conditions prevailing there, and put forward the concrete measures for its realization.

In its five-point principle, the Central Committee of the Patriotic Front of Laos strongly demanded that the U.S. imperialists respect the sovereignty, independence, neutrality, unification and territorial integrity of the Kingdom of Laos and put forward the just measures for the solution of the Laotian problem that the U.S. imperialists should put an end to their intervention and aggression on Laos and their war escalation plot, stop the bombing of the Laotian territory at once, withdraw all their aggressor troops and those of their Thai puppets from Laos, together with the war supplies, and stop using its territory for interference and aggression on another country.

The Central Committee of the Patriotic Front of Laos solemnly declared that the U.S. imperialists will find it impossible to ward off a more ignominious defeat should they persist in the aggressive war against Laos in disregard of the warning of its people and that the Laotian people will keep up their struggle till they win a final victory.

The reasonable stand of the Central Committee of the Patriotic Front of Laos is a reflection of the desire and unshakable resolve of the entire Laotian people to bring the U.S. imperialists' war of aggression on Laos to a termination and build it into a peaceful, unified, independent, neutral, democratic and prosperous country and it fully conforms with the interest of peace and security in Indo-China and the southeast Asia.

The Korean people give full support to the just stand taken by the Central Committee of the Patriotic Front of Laos, and extend militant solidarity to the Laotian people in their heroic struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and for the independence and liberation of the country.

As pointed out rightly by the Central Committee of the Patriotic Front of Laos in its statement, the U.S. imperialists have stepped up their intervention and aggression on Laos in wanton violation of the 1954 and 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos in an attempt to turn it into their colony, into their military base for aggression, and recently persist in the criminal manoeuvres to escalate the war of aggression against Laos.

What the U.S. imperialists pursue in the expansion and intensification of aggressive war in Laos is to retrieve themselves from the defeat they sustained and put down the liberation struggle of the Laotian people in their wildest hope of realizing the colonial domination over Laos. Convincing proof of this has been provided by the recent situation in Laos.

With no amount of frantic manoeuvres, however, can the U.S. imperialists fulfil their foul aggressive ambition.

Filled with the firm determination to fight on till they beat down the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys and accomplish their just cause, the Laotian patriotic armed forces and people under the leadership of the Patriotic Front of Laos have been on the successive offensives against the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and their lackeys to inflict heavy blows, military and political, upon them, and thus have scored brilliant victories.

The Korean people warmly congratulate the Laotian people upon their brilliant victories, rejoicing over them as their own.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said:

"The Korean people trenchantly denounce the U.S. imperialists for their armed intervention in Laos and actively support the Laotian people in their just struggle for national independence." (The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Is the Banner of Freedom and Independence for Our People and the Powerful Weapon of Building Socialism and Communism," p. 73.)

The U.S. imperialists must strictly observe the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos, unconditionally and completely stop their bestial bombing of the liberated areas of Laos and all their aggressive acts and must withdraw from Laos without delay.

The problem of Laos should be solved by the Laotian people themselves without interference of any outside forces.

The Korean people will in future, too, give active support and encouragement to the Laotian people in their just struggle against the U.S. imperialists, the common enemy, and their stooges.

The U.S. imperialists will find themselves driven deeper into blind impasse should they continue to follow the reckless line of expanding war of aggression in Laos regardless of strong opposition on the part of the Laotian people and the peace-loving peoples the world over.

The final victory is in store for the Laotian people in their struggle for the just cause.

Combatants of the Laotian patriotic armed forces raining hot fire upon the enemy's positions

We Extend Militant Solidarity to Revolutionary Struggle of Zimbabwe People

March 17 is the "day of Zimbabwe".

On this occasion, the Korean people extend militant greetings and solidarity to the Zimbabwe patriots and people who are valiantly fighting with arms in hands against the Smith racialist clique and the U.S.-British imperialists who protect them.

The armed struggle of the Zimbabwe patriots which started four years ago is the most active struggle for overthrowing the Smith racialist regime with revolutionary violence and achieving the liberation and independence of the country. This marked an event of tremendous significance in the development of the national-liberation revolution in Zimbabwe.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said:

"Where there are exploitation and oppression, there always breaks out the revolutionary struggle of the people." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 54U.)

The U.S.-British imperialists are feverishly instigating their stooges the Smith racialist clique in their frantic attempt to repress the national-liberation movement of the Zimbabwe people, while further stepping up the barbarous colonial rule over them.

In 1965, the U.S.-British imperialists instigated the Smith clique to announce the "independence" of Southern Rhodesia. Since then, they have rendered economic and military aid to this racialist regime to drive it toward savage suppression and murder of the Zimbabwe patriots and people.

But these desperate efforts could not, of course, dampen the fighting spirit of the Zimbabwe people. On the contrary, the flames of liberation struggle kept rising.

The U.S.-British imperialists again staged the farce of proclaiming the "Republic of Southern Rhodesia" on March 2 this year by instigating their faithful stooges the Smith racialist clique. What they pursue in this is not only to preserve, consolidate and perpetuate the crumbling rule of the Smith racialist clique, but also turn Southern Rhodesia into a base for colonial domination and aggression against South African area.

Today, the U.S. imperialists, the chieftain of international reaction, are supplying various kinds of lethal weapons and military equipment to the Smith racialists via the Vorster clique in South Africa. They have whipped the rascals together with the Vorster racialist clique and the Portuguese colonialists in their nefarious scheme to strangulate the national-liberation struggle of the peoples in this region, not to speak of the Zimbabwe people, and attack the Republic of Zambia.

All these facts clearly show that the U.S. imperialists are the ringleader obstructing the liberation struggle of the Zimbabwe people, the chieftain of racialism and the prime mover of subjugation and aggression and the most truculent common enemy of the entire African peoples.

Now confronted with the situation that the Smith racialist clique proclaimed the "republic" and indulge in their plot to hold elections to the "parliament," the Zimbabwe patriots renew firmly their indomitable fighting will to wage a more valorous struggle to overthrow the Smith racialist regime, the stooge of the U.S.-British imperialists, more firmly holding arms in their hands under the uplifted banner of anti-imperialism and national liberation.

The struggle of the Zimbabwe people is a just struggle for overthrowing the racialist regime and attaining the liberation of the country and constitutes a link in the whole chain of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle of the peoples in this region for cutting off the life-line of imperialism in Africa and achieving complete liberation of this continent and the struggle of the world people for sweeping for good imperialism and colonialism off the surface of the globe.

The struggle of the Zimbabwe people is enjoying the unanimous support and encouragement of the world people including the African peoples who value justice, truth and independence.

As hitherto, so in future also, the Korean people will extend active support and encouragement to the struggle of the Zimbabwe people against the U.S.-British imperialists and their stooges the Smith racialists and for attaining the liberation and independence of the country.

The righteous struggle of the Zimbabwe people will surely be crowned with victory.

Hail 14th Anniversary of Tunisia's Independence

The Korean people extend warm felicitations to the Tunisian people who are fighting for the consolidation of the national independence and independent development of the country against imperialism and colonialism, on the occasion of the 14th anniversary of the independence of the Republic of Tunisia that falls on March 20.

The independence of Tunisia, the gains the people of this country won after their protracted struggle against foreign imperialists and colonialists, was a landmark in the creation of a new life.

After independence, in 1957, the Tunisian people put an end to the feudal monarchy and proclaimed a republic, which placed the country's independence on a more sound basis.

In 1963, the Tunisian people took measures to force all the French imperialist aggressor troops out of their territory and nationalize a number of factories, enterprises and land formerly owned by foreign imperialists. As a result, significant success has been made in eliminating the vicious consequences of colonial rule and developing the national economy.

Schools have been newly built or expanded, and national education and national culture have made rapid progress, too.

In their foreign relations, the government and people of the Republic of Tunisia pursue a policy of opposing imperialism and colonialism.

The Korean people rejoice over all these successes attained by the Tunisian people in their struggle for the consolidation of the national independence and the country's prosperity opposing imperialism and colonialism.

The Korean people who are struggling for driving the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and unifying the fatherland independently are fully convinced that the relations of friendship and cooperation sealed between the two countries will further be strengthened and developed in future. They will continue to express support to and solidarity with the Tunisian people in their just struggle for the country's prosperity and against imperialism and colonialism.

Kim Byong Sam

UAR People's Just Struggle Is Sure to Win

March 22 is the 15th anniversary of the "Suez day" and the 25th anniversary of the founding of the League of Arab States.

On this occasion, the Korean people extend militant greetings and solidarity to the UAR people and all other Arab peoples who are marking these days amid the grandiose struggle to frustrate the daily intensifying aggressive acts of the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists, defend the gains of the revolution and regain the lost land.

On this day, 15 years ago, the patriotic army men and people of the UAR, under the leadership of President Nasser, won the brilliant victory of completely driving out the aggressors from the barracks of the British imperialists at Shallufa on the Suez Canal and floating the national flag of Egypt over the barracks.

This victory marked an important event that led to a new upsurge the righteous struggle of the UAR people for opposing imperialism and colonialism, defending the gains of the revolution and upholding national dignity and sovereignty.

In 1956, the triumphant UAR people wrested the Suez Canal from the imperialists and, following this, they repulsed the armed aggression launched by the Anglo-French imperialists and the Israeli aggressors with the backing of the U.S. imperialists and defended with honour the freedom and independence of their fatherland.

The U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors, instead of drawing a due lesson from their ignominious defeat, had persisted in their vicious moves for aggression and war against the UAR people and other Arab peoples. In 1967, they again unleashed a brigandish aggressive war. The scoundrels are now more frenziedly committing their acts of aggression and war in order to perpetuate their occupation of the Arab territory and place more Arab territories under their control.

The U.S. imperialists are increasing in every way their military, political and economic support to the Zionists to put them up to the provocation of war against the UAR and other Arab countries.

The Israeli aggressors who have become quite arrogant are escalating their acts of aggression and war against the Arab countries including the UAR at the instructions and instigation of their master, leading the situation in the Near and Middle East to a grave phase.

All these facts clearly show that the U.S. imperialists are the very sworn enemy of the UAR people and other Arab peoples.

In face of the vicious moves of the enemy for an aggressive war, the UAR people are filled with a burning determination to crush the enemy with arms and accomplish their just cause with the steadfast anti-imperialist stand and the stubborn fighting spirit which they displayed in the past anti-imperialist struggle.

The recent statement of President Nasser that "The Middle East issue can be solved only by an armed struggle. We should plough through fire across the sea of blood with arms in our hands" well reflects the firm determination of the UAR people.

The UAR people are making full combat preparations politically and militarily. They are dealing powerful retaliatory blows at the Israeli aggressors, frustrating their aggressive provocations perpetrated every day.

All Arab peoples, united more firmly, are successfully smashing the aggressive acts of the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists and the Palestinian guerillas are expanding the guerilla struggle, further strengthening their ranks.

The anti-U.S. imperialist, anti-Israeli struggle of the UAR and Arab peoples is a just struggle for safeguarding national independence and dignity, regaining the occupied territories and accomplishing the cause of liberating the Palestinian people.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said:

"The Korean people are happy to have the UAR people as their comrades-in-arms and will always march ahead shoulder to shoulder with the UAR people in the common struggle against the U.S. and other imperialists." ("Answers to the Questions Raised by General Manager of Dar-El-Tahrir for Printing and Publishing of the United Arab Republic.")

In future, too, as hitherto, the Korean people will stand firm on the side of all the Arab peoples including the UAR and Palestinian peoples who are vigorously fighting against the brazen-faced armed aggression of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges Zionists and positively support and encourage their sacred struggle.

Should the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors recklessly expand their military aggression against the UAR, the scoundrels will not be able to escape more shameful defeat than that the British imperialists suffered in the past at Suez and Port Said.

The just struggle of the Arab peoples including the UAR people will surely be crowned with victory.

An armoured car unit of the UAR army strengthening the combat capacity to crush the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys Israeli expansionists

DPRK Gov't Friendship and Cultural Del. Leaves for United Republic of Tanzania

A government friendship and cultural delegation of our country headed by Pak Yong Sin, Minister of Culture, left here on March 18 by plane to visit the United Republic of Tanzania.

The delegation was seen off at the airfield by Yang Hyong Sop, Chairman of the Korea-Tanzania Friendship Association and Minister of Higher Education, and other personages concerned.

Epochal Step of Iraqi People for National Unity and Coherence

According to foreign news reports, recently in Iraq an agreement was concluded for the solution of the Kurdish minority problem.

With the conclusion of this agreement between the Iraqi revolutionary government and the leaders of the Kurdish minority, the 2 million Kurdish tribe living in the north of this country have gained their autonomy; the national unity and coherence among the Arabs and the Kurds has been achieved in Iraq; and there has been created a more favourable phase for the people of this country in their fight for the consolidation of the national independence and the country's prosperity and development and against imperialism and colonialism.

The conclusion of the agreement on giving the Kurds their autonomy is a manifestation of the aspiration and resolution of the entire Iraqi people to achieve national unity, and this fully accords with the will and desire of the Iraqi people for stepping up the anti-U.S. imperialist, anti-Israeli struggle through mobilization of manpower and material potentialities of the country.

The Iraqi people welcome this agreement as an event of "reestablishing the national unity" of the country and as an epochal step for mobilizing all the potentialities of Iraq in the struggle for the liberation of Palestine. They designated March 11, the day when the agreement was concluded, as the "day of national unity."

The Korean people sincerely welcome and hail the progressive step taken by the Iraqi people for achieving the national unity.

The achievement of national unity in Iraq will gladden the progressive peoples of the whole world who treasure national unity and solidarity and struggle for justice, and it also will be a telling blow to the imperialists and colonialists headed by the U.S. imperialists who are working hard to sow antagonism and discord within nations everywhere under the vicious imperialist slogan "divide and rule."

Today, in face of the ceaseless counter-revolutionary machinations of U.S. imperialism and the reactionaries at home against the Iraqi government and people, the Iraqi people, under the leadership of President Ahmad Hassan Al-Bakr, who prize national independence and sovereignty, are energetically fighting for independent development of the country resolutely smashing every subversive plot of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys, holding higher the banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

Significant progress has been made in eliminating the vicious consequences of imperialist colonial rule and building a solid national economy and national culture. And steps have been taken for the independent development of the country. In particular, with sharp vigilance over the counter-revolutionary moves of the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists, and the home reactionaries who are in league with them, to endanger the country's security and destroy revolutionary gains, the Iraqi government and people are resolutely frustrating their sinister moves of provocation at every step.

All the measures taken for defending and carrying forward revolution in Iraq and the successes gained in this course make a contribution to the anti-imperialist revolutionary cause of the Afro-Asian people as a whole.

The Korean people sincerely wish the Iraqi people great successes in future, too, in their struggle for thwarting the aggressive ambition of the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists, consolidating the country's independence and creating a new life on the basis of firm national unity.

Chin Sok Hun

We Scathingly Condemn Brigandish Invasion of Syria by U.S. Imperialists and Israeli Aggressors

According to foreign press reports, the Israeli aggressors, with the backing of the U.S. imperialists and at their instigation, perpetrated another unpardonable criminal act of provocation on the night of March 15 last. They dropped numerous air-borne troops on the area near Damascus, the capital of Syria, to attack the positions of the Syrian army and civilian establishments.

This grave provocative act clearly shows to what reckless stage have gone the aggressive acts of the Zionists perpetrated at the direct instigation of their master, the U.S. imperialists, and with their large-scale military support.

This is a grave aggressive act against the Syrian people and a most heinous challenge to the peace-loving peoples the world over who demand immediate suspension of the armed invasion against the Arab countries.

The Korean people scathingly condemn with surging indignation the repeated piratical armed invasion by the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors against the Syrian people and extend militant solidarity to the Syrian people who have risen to fight valiantly against the U.S. imperialists and Israeli aggressors.

In his answers to the questions raised by correspondent of the Lebanese newspaper **Al Anwar**, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, taught:

"It is entirely because of the brazen aggressive machinations of the Israeli aggressors and their manipulators, the U.S. imperialists, that the situation in the Near and Middle East still remains tense."

The recent armed attack perpetrated by the Israeli aggressors against Syria on the ground and from the air is a premeditated provocative act conducted in a planned way with the purpose of further intensifying the war in the Near and Middle East. And it is part of the vicious scheme to expand the war in this region which the U.S. imperialists are now frenziedly pushing forward by setting to motion the Israeli puppets according to the villainous "Nixon doctrine."

The U.S. imperialists are now supplying a large number of lethal weapons to the Zionists to drive the scoundrels into the aggression against the Arab countries. In step with this, the Israeli aggressors who have drawn "strength" from their master, now burn with unbounded ambition for territorial expansion against the Arab countries. "For more powerful Israel with wider expanse of areas"— this aggressive slogan now openly rises to their lips.

The reckless war policy of the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors will only hasten their own doom.

Today the Arab peoples including the Syrian people are full of the firm determination to fight down the aggressors to the end and settle old scores with them a hundred times and a thousand times, to regain the occupied Arab land and accomplish the just cause of the Palestinian people. The revolutionary peoples of the whole world including the Korean people are standing on their side.

The U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors must look straight at the reality and give up without delay the policy of aggression and war against the Syrian people and other Arab peoples.

Chin Bang Hun

Arms are supplied to volunteers of Damascus who have risen up to fight against the aggression of the Zionists conducted at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists

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